

#### Q2 2023 Highlights

# Continued value accretive growth, reduced overall interest margin and CPI adjustments reducing high inflation impact

- +60% increase in rental income to NOK 103.6 million vs. Q2'22 (weighted average CPI adjustment of 7.5% on 1 January 2023)
- +42% increase net income from property management to NOK 42 million vs Q2'22
- Maintained Net debt/run-rate EBITDA level, at 9.1x
- Invested NOK 64 million in Greenfield and CAPEX projects, of which NOK 50 million with an accretive yield-on-cost of 7.6%
- Maintained stable OPEX at NOK 10 million expecting limited additions going forward
- Reduced overall net interest rate by 0.43% in successful NOK ~2bn refinancing, increasing yield gap to 0.88%



The EPRA Best Practices Recommendations Guidelines focus on making the financial statements of public real estate companies clearer and more comparable across Europe (<a href="www.epra.com">www.epra.com</a>). See Alternative Performance Measure (APM) description in KMC Properties financial report for calculations of the EPRA performance measures.



<sup>1)</sup> KMC Property ASA portfolio is valued by third party Cushman & Wakefield quarterly (WAULT = Weighted average unexpired lease term)

# Value accretive growth diversifying across industries and regions

# **BEW/**

Founded in 1980 by, with a focus on production of packaging and building insulation products

#### **Expansion through M&A**

diversifying through northern Europe and a variety of end markets while fortifying the entire value chain

# 妣 INSULA

Lofotprodukt established in 1994, as the inception of Insula, focused on production of pelagic seafood products

#### **Expansion through M&A**

becoming a leading Nordic seafood player with a variety of brands and factories across the region



Establishes a standalone property company and that acquires BEWI's properties in Sweden and Denmark

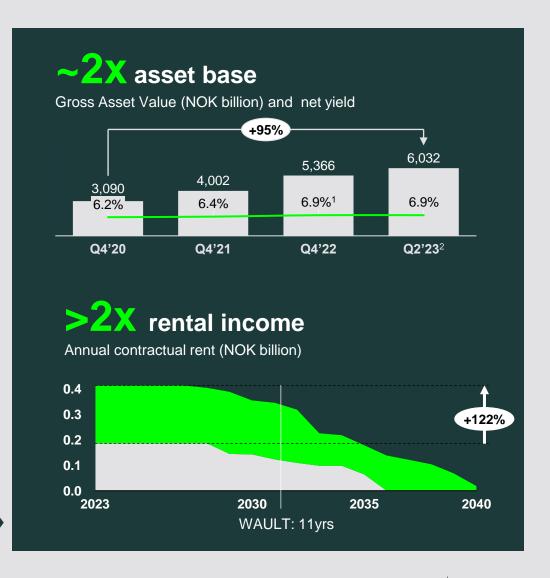


2017

Establishes a standalone property company that acquires ten properties from Insula

# KMC PROPERTIES

In 2020, the two companies merge forming a real estate specialist that was listed on Oslo Stock Exchange in December 2020



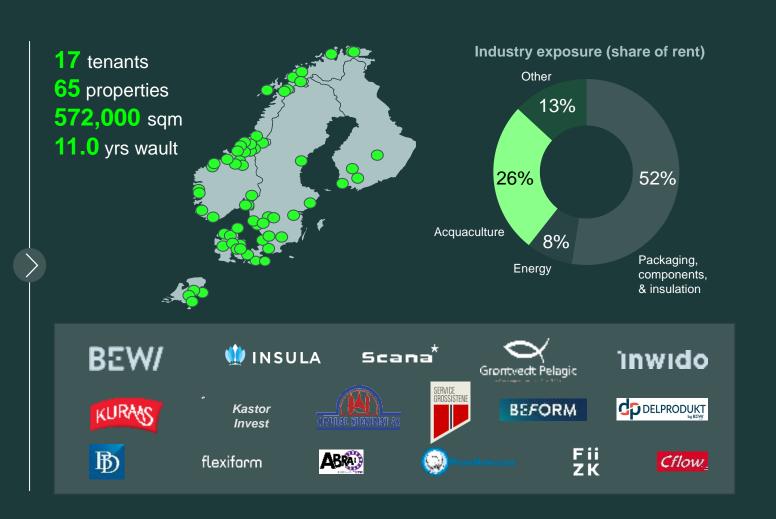


2) Based on completed agreements as of period end.

# Building on +40 years of industrial knowhow

#### Focus on four key areas







# Accretive acquisition of five properties H1 2023

#### \_ogistics property in Narvik



Property value

NOK 90.0 million

Rental income

NOK 8.0 million (2024)

**WAULT** 

12 years

Annual CPI Adjustments

100%, 1 January

Contract type

Triple net bare house

Close to natural resources

Close to key customers

V

In industrial cluster



DKK 52.8 million

DKK 3.5 million

17 years

100%, 1 January

Triple net bare house



 $\mathbf{V}$ 

3x Finnish light industry properties



EUR 20.3 million

EUR 1.6 million

17 years

100%, 1 January

Triple net bare house

V



# Contract structure reducing inflation impact

#### Triple net bare house contract structure with CPI adjustments

	Gross	Single-net Double-net		Triple-net		
Rent	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant		
Taxes	Owner	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant		
Insurance	Owner	Owner	Tenant	Tenant		
Maintenance	Owner	Owner	Owner	Tenant		
99% of contracts are 100% CPI adjusted, 1% of contracts 80% CPI adjusted						

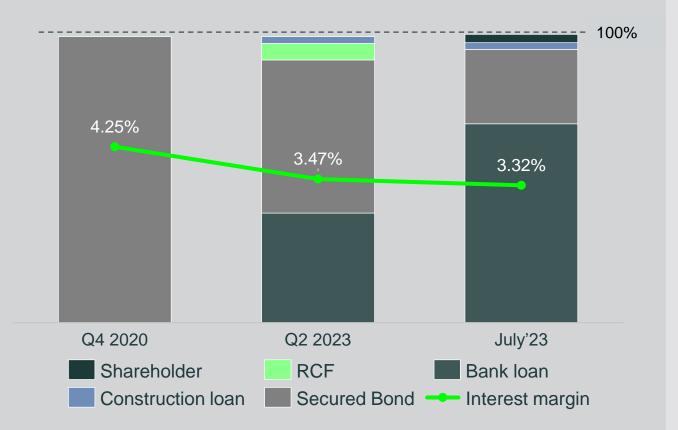
- 7.5 % CPI-adjustment on 1 January 2023 on 99% of annual contractual rent
- Low run rate property related costs (1.2% of rental income) due to triple net bare house contracts



# Reduced overall interest margin in major refinancing

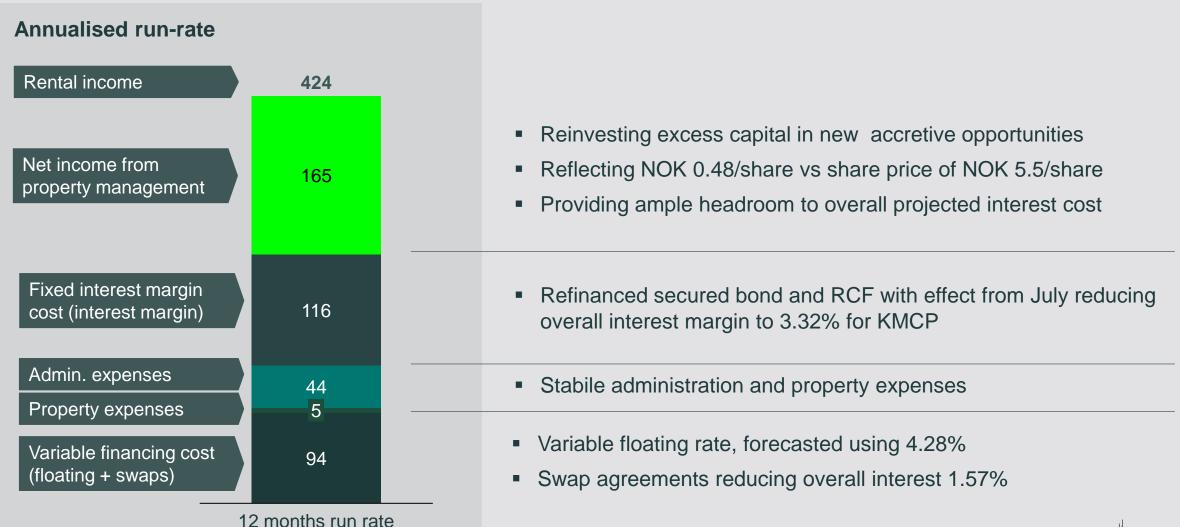
## Improved debt structure at reduced interest margin

Long term debt % of total and interest margin



- New debt refinancing NOK 1,850 million senior secured bond and fully drawn RCF
- Reducing KMC Properties overall interest margin from 3.47% to 3.32%
- Improved debt structure with bank loans representing 69% of overall long term company debt
- All transactions related to the new financing structure completed in July 2023

# Financial and operational visibility on current assets





# Financial review

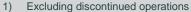


# Gross rental increase on a stable cost base

#### Profit and loss<sup>1</sup>

#### **NOK** million

	Q2 2023	Q2 2022	YTD 2023	YTD 2022
Rental income	104	65	199	127
Property expenses	-1	0	-2	-1
Net operating income	103	64	197	126
Administration expenses	-9	-9	-21	-19
Transaction expenses	-1	-0	-3	-3
EBITDA <sup>2</sup>	93	55	173	104
Net realised financials	-51	-27	-95	-52
Net income from property management	42	28	78	52
Net unrealised financials	-1	57	63	28
Change in value of financial instruments	17	3	-47	94
Changes in value of investment properties	-52	8	-46	5
Profit before tax	6	96	48	180
Profit from continued operations	6	73	31	129
ICR	1.8x	2.1x	1.8x	2.1x



See Alternative Performance Measure (APM) description in KMC Properties financial report

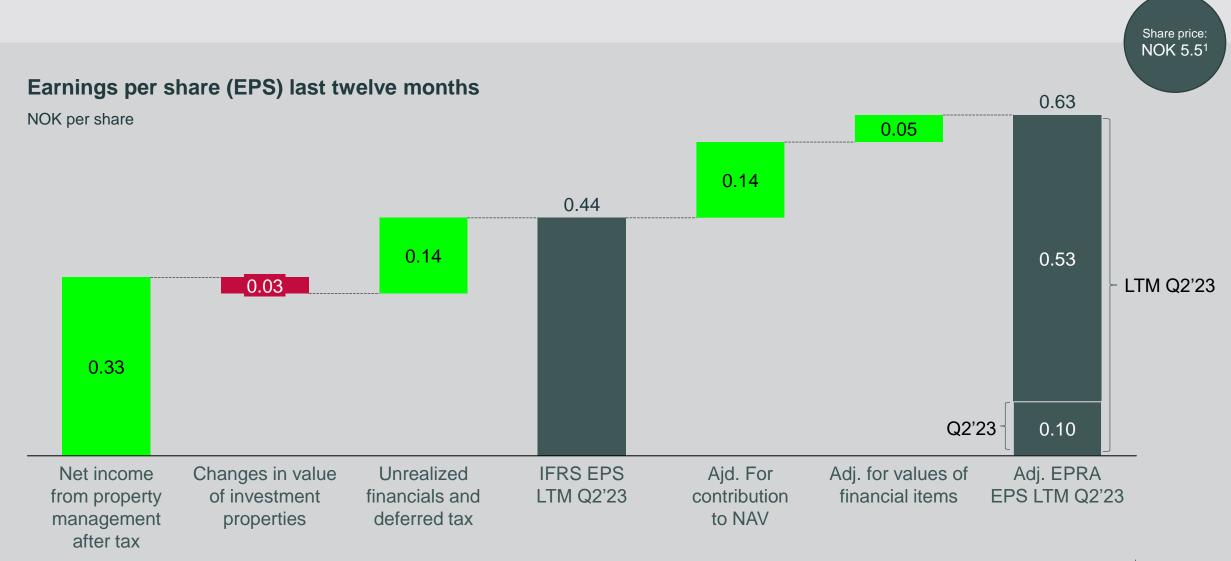


- +60% rental income increase Q2'23 vs Q2'22
  - Weighted average CPI adjustment of 7.5% on 1 January 2023
- +69% EBITDA increase Q2'23 vs Q2'22 showcasing KMCP's strong operational leverage
  - Low property expenses due to contract structures
  - Stable and low administration expenses
  - Limited transaction expenses
- Realized financial expenses increase due to increased interest-bearing debt and increased interest
- Increased value of financial instruments reflecting Swap agreements
- Negative change in value of investment properties reflecting third party<sup>3</sup> market outlook



<sup>3)</sup> The valuation of the properties on 30 June 2023 has been performed by the independent expert valuer, Cushman & Wakefield

# Earnings driven income from property management



# Financial and operational visibility

#### Annualised run-rate<sup>1</sup>

NOK million, 12 months forward

	Q2'23	Q1'23	Q4'22	Q3'22	Q2'22
Rental income	424	412	371	284	268
Property expenses	-5	-5	-5	-4	-4
Net operating income	419	407	366	280	264
Administration expenses <sup>2</sup>	-44	-44	-41	-34	-34
EBITDA	375	364	325	246	230
Net realised financials <sup>3</sup>	-210	-205	-181	-137	-117
Net income from property management	165	159	144	109	113

- 1) Based on completed agreements at period end.
- 2) Does not include transaction costs and variable remuneration to employees
- Based on interest rates and swap agreements after closed refinancing in July. Does not include amortisation of capitalised borrowing cost.



- Additional rental income vs Q1'23 from NOK 50 million in yielding CAPEX and Greenfield investments
- Property related expenses flat due to triple net bare house contract structure
- No expected increase in administrative expenses
- Financing cost increase driven by increase in interest-bearing debt and increased floating interests
- Interest margin reduced from 3.49% at the end of Q1'23 to 3.32% post refinancing in July 2023



# EBITDA to interest gap maintained through refinancing and swaps

## Refinanced at improved terms – effective from July'23

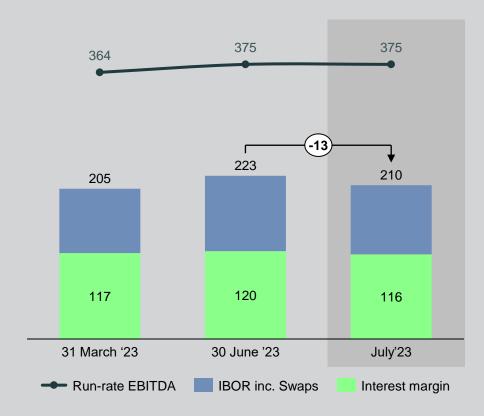
	NOK	million		Current terms	
	30 June 2023	7	30 June 2023	July 2023	Improve- ment
Bond loan	1 850	900	8.63 %	9.38 %	
Bank loan	1 324	2 402	6.80 %	6.90 %	
Construction loan	82	82	7.13 %	7.13 %	
Revolving Credit Facility	200	0	6.32 %	-	
Shareholder loan	0	100	-	8.63 %	
Total	3 456	3 484	7.78 %	7.59 %	0.19 %
Swap agreements			-1.33 %	-1.57 %	0.24 %
Total including swap agreements			6.45 %	6.02 %	0.43 %

Note: 3 months Nibor is set to 4.38% in line with the latest interest rate determination on the new bond loan. 6 months Nibor is set to 4.08% in line with the latest interest rate determination on the bank loan.



### **EBITDA** to interest gap maintained

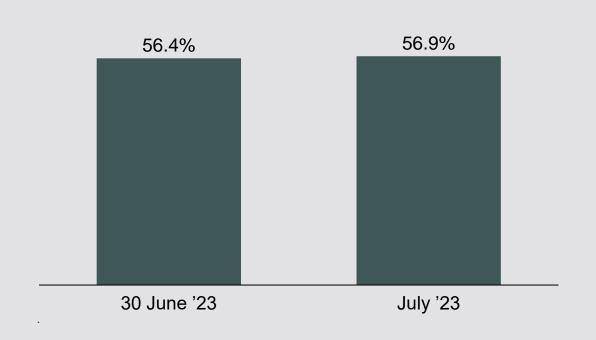
Annualized run-rate 12 months forward, NOK million

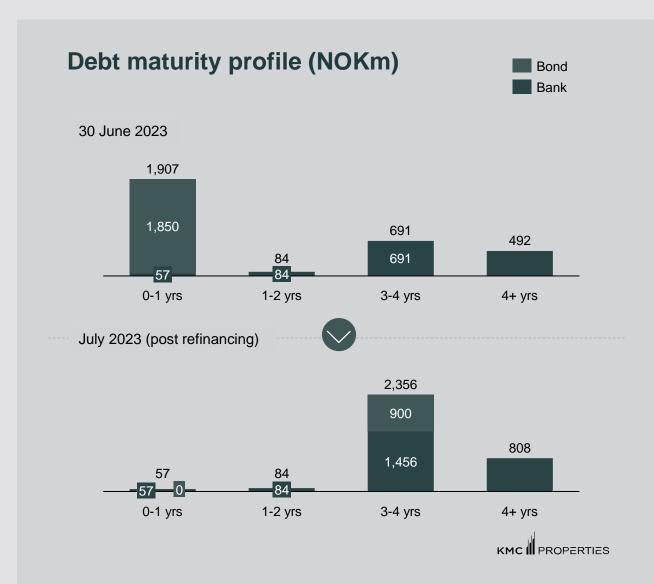




# Reduced refi risk with limited increase in LTV

## LTV per quarter end and post refinancing

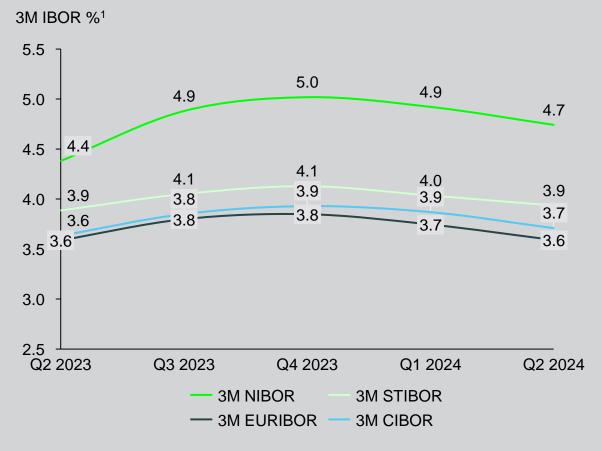




# Comfortable headroom to ICR covenants

#### **ICR** forecast





# Outlook



# Robust platform for continued value accretive growth

#### 6.9% Net yield on NOK 6 billion assets



# **Business critical assets** with sticky features

#### Locations with purpose...

- I) ... close to key customers, and/or,
  II) ... close to natural resources, and/or,
  II) ... in an industrial cluster
- Low sensitivity to rental cost

Rental cost as percentage of total cost base for the tenants, makes up a very small share, typically around 2-3%

#### **Specific infrastructure capex**

Tenants invest meaningful amount of capex into specific production and infrastructure equipment

# Downside protection from high residual value

#### Value vs new-build cost

Low valuation NOK 10,400/sqm across the portfolio, significantly below replacement value

#### Rent level versus market rent

Rent levels typically below market rent due to the long duration of the contracts

#### **Alternative use**

Unique locations or locations in industrial clusters, provide good alternative use cases

# Contractual frameworks in place to reduce risk

#### **Hedging strategy**

37% hedge ratio currently reducing the effective interest rate by at least 1%

#### **Triple net contracts**

Tenants responsible for almost all property related cost (insurance, tax and maintenance)

#### CPI

99% of contract 100% CPI adjusted 1% of contracts 80% CPI adjusted

#### **WAULT**

Weighted average unexpired lease term of 11.1 years for the combined portfolio



# Continued value accretive growth

#### Year end 2024 gross asset value target

NOK billion



Building on a strong position:

- 100% CPI adjustments on 99% of contracts,
- with reduced overall interest margin, and a
- growing asset base with robust tenants

Continuing EBITDA accretive growth towards 2024 goal of a GAV of NOK 8 billion





# Appendix pipeline



# Pipeline investments

Type <sup>1</sup>	Tenant	Completion (estimated)	Value (NOKm)	Remaining investments	Gross Yield	WAULT	Country
CAPEX	BEWI (Thorsø)	Q2 2024	39	36	8.5 %	15.0	NO
CAPEX	Sentrallageret (Kuraas)	Q3 2023	10	4	7.9 %	15.0	NO
Greenfield	BEWI (Jøsnøya, Hitra)	H2 2023	200	84	7.5 %	15.0	NO
Greenfield	Slakteriet Holding	H1 2025	682	682	TBD	20.0	NO
Acquisitions	BEWI	H2 2023	2,000	TBD	TBD	16.6	DE, BE, PL

<sup>1)</sup> Pipeline per 30.06.2023

